cribers may discontinue their papers at any time by for the time they have received them, but not without, a who subscribe for a year, and do not at the time of bing order a discontinue at the end of it, will be con-PRICES FOR ADVERTISING.

ents to be made in advance. Those who have not mity of paying otherwise, may remit by mail, at sayer-paid. The postmaster's certificate of such shall be a sufficient receipt therefor. The notes cie-paying bank will be received. 63-Letters to the Proprietors, charged with postage, will no taken out of the post office.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT OF THE CO-LUMBIAN COLLEGE.

HE annual course of lectures in this institution will commence, as usual, on the first Monday November, and continue until the first of March

n November, and continue until the first of March.
FACULTY.

Harvey Lindsly, M. D., Professor of Pathology and Practice of Medicine.
Thomas Miller, M. D., Professor of Anatomy.
John M. Thomas, M. D., Professor of Medical prisprudence and Physiology.
William P. Johnston, M. D., Professor of Obstetrics and the diseases of women and children.
Charles G. Page, M. D., Professor of Chemis-

a and Therapeutics.

John Frederick May, M. D., Professor of Sur-

The conveniences afforded by the new and exter The conveniences afforded by the new and extensive edifice in which the lectures are now delivered, are such as will facilitate very much the imparting of medical instruction. The lecture rooms are admirably arranged, well lighted, and warmed. The museum is increasing daily in importance and interest. The rooms of practical anatomy afford advanages rarely equalled; they will be opened the first week of October. The infirmary is under the immediate direction of the faculty of medicine, and thus, with the public dispensary, will continue to present numerous and valuable cases for clinical intention. Clinical learners will be delivered at least execution.

hass.
The entire expense of a course of lectures, by all
the professors, is \$80. Demonstrator's ticket \$10,
and board can be procured, at from \$250 to \$3 00

william P. Johnston, M. D., (Corner of 7th and F streets,) Dean June 12—2aw

he Croton (Mutual) Insurance Company

The Croton (Mutual) Insurance Company,
office No. 18 WALL STREET, IN THE CITY OF
NEW YORK.

THIS COMPANY insures marine, inland navigation, transportainion, and fire risks. By its
harter, the profits are to be paid back to the assured
iproportion to the amount of premiums paid by
hem respectively. The rates and terms of insurnce will be modesate and liberal, and the assured
shietet to me responsibility. TRUSTEES. Abraham Van Nest,
Abraham Van Nest,
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Zadock Pratt,
Herman D. Gould,
James Cook,
Elas T. Aldrich,
Lawrence Hill.

mes Harper, ohn B. asala, Leander Starr, dward Richardson, award Richardson, ames Phalen, oln J. Herrick, eorge C. De Kay, amuel A. Lawrence, heodore A. Meyer, Villiam P. Furniss, ohn T. Gilchrist, oring Andrews, yrus Chenery, teorge Whitaker, dwin R. Tremain, icorree Palen.

Asa S. Crosby. Crandall, SAMUEL A. LAWRENCE, President JOSEPH B. JONES, Vice President. N. CARROLL, Secretary.

T. L. & A. THOS. SMITH, Agents.

Office F street, near the Treasury Department

Lawrence Hill, Thomas Monahan, William H. Townsend,

John Breasted, Leonard Appleby, James Cruikshank

GENCY FOR CLAIMS AT WASHING.
TON.—The undersigned offers his services as agent for claims upon either of the departments.

Particular attention will be paid to the settlement accounts of disbursing efficers, who may find it convenient to attend personally, especially those the navy. His experience and practical knowl age will afford many facilities.

Charges will be moderate, and regulated by the mount claimed and the extent of service required. nications (post paid) will receive immediate.

CHARLES DE SELDING,

Room No. 11 Todd's Building,

Commodore Charles Stewart, U. S. N. Commodore John Downes, U. S. N. Stephen Cambreleng, esq., New York.
A. O. Dayton, esq., Fourth Auditor, Treasury

v. Septimus Tuston, Chaplain to the Senate.

John C. Rives, csq., Washington, D. C.
John Boyle, esq.,
James Hoban, csq.,
Charles O. Handy, esq., Purser U. S. Navy.
John De Bree, csq.,
R. R. Waldron, esq.,
April 9—tf

COLUMBIA HOUSE, Chesnut street, between 6th and 7th streets,

Chesnut street, between 6th and 7th streets, PHILADELPHIA.

THE subscribers respectfully inform their friends and the travelling public, that they have taken he above house, (formerly known as the Marshall House,) and have made extensive alterations and mprovements in its interior, having spared no extense to render it one of the most pleasant and fashionable houses in the city. The parlors are numerous, the chambers large and well arranged, and the furniture entirely new. Its locations in the most central part of the city, near to all the places of public manusement, and convenient to the depots of the Southern, Western, and Northern routes.

The tables will be supplied with all the delicacies of the season. The wines are of the choicest brands, and have been carefully selected.

and have been carefully selected.

The proprietors hope, by their personal attention of experience in the business, to give satisfaction

may favor them with their patronage.
BAGLEY, MACKENZIE, & CO.

James Bagley, (late of Jones's Hotel.) Henry C. Mackenzie, (formerly of the Washing-Peter L. Ferguson. July 5, 1845—d1m

ELIXER OF CALISAYA BARK. PHIS preparation is particularly recommended to persons of weak habit, and to such as reside in

A persons of weak habit, and to such as reside in own situations, where the nervous system is, in general, more or less relaxed. The addition of certain ingredients has so completely disguised the taste of the bark, as to render this efficacious remedy, a most palatable cordial; thus peculiarly adapting it to conquer that repugnance which most persons experience after taking for some time bitter potions, as it combines the greatest efficacy with a highly agreeable flavor. As a preventive of the ague it has superceded the use of all other remedies, in such parts of the country as it is known. Prepared only by J. Milhau, No. 183 Broadway, New York

The SI per quart bottle.

Sole agents for the above, T. W. Dyott & Sons, io. 132 North 2d street, Philadelphia.

N. B. Each bottle has the written signature of the

J. MILHAU. Special depot at the bookstore of Robert Farn-iam, corner of Eleventh street and Pennsylvania wenue, Washington city; also for sale by the most vincipal druggists.

June 5

DATENT POCKET TELESCOPE LETTER BALANCES!!!—Also large letter bilances of the finest finish and quality, suitable for public offices, banks, and counting-houses. Just received

WM. F. BAYLY. Penn. avenue, 4 doors west of 11th street. August 1-4td

## Dailn Amion.

VOLUME 1. "LIBERTY, THE UNION, AND THE CONSTITUTION.

WASHINGTON CITY, FRIDAY NIGHT, AUGUST 8, 1845.

OFFICE OF COM. GENERAL OF SUBSISTENCE,
Washington, July 14, 1845.
SEPARATE PROPOSALS will be received at this office until the 1st day of October next, for the delivery of provisions, in bulk, for the use of the troops of the United States, upon inspection, as follows:

At Baton Rouge, Louisiana. 200 barrels of pork
200 barrels of fresh superfine flour
70 bushels of new white field beans
800 pounds of good hard soap
500 pounds of good hard sperm candles
20 bushels of good clean dry fine salt
250 gallons of good cider vinegar.

At Fort Pickens, or Barrancas, Pensacola, Florida. 224 barrels of pork 520 barrels of fresh superfine flour 200 bushels of new white field beans 4000 pounds of good hard soap 1600 pounds of good hard sperm candles 80 bushels of good clean dry fine salt 880 gallons of good cider vinegar.

880 gallons of good cider vinegar.

At the Public Landing, six miles from Fort
Towson, mouth of the Chiemichi.
504 barrels of pork
1170 barrels of fresh superfine flour
450 bushels of new white field beans
9000 pounds of good hard soap
3600 pounds of good hard soap
180 bushels of good ciden dry fine salt
1980 gallons of good cider vinegar.
The whole to be delivered in all the month of
April, 1846; and to leave Natchitoches by the 20th
February, 1846.

At Fort Alleinson west bank of the Missis-

At Fort Atkinson, west bank of the Mississippi river, opposite Fort Crawford, at Dousman and Rice's warehouse.

Dousman and Rice's warehouse.
100 barrels of pork
260 barrels of fresh superfine flour
90 bushels of new white field beans
1800 pounds of good hard soap
1300 pounds of good hard solor
40 bushels of good clean dry fine salt
400 gallons of good cider vinegar.
The whole to be delivered by the 1st May, 1846.

At Fort Snelling, St. Peter's.

All Fort Snetting, St. Peter s.

168 barrels of pork
360 barrels of fresh superfine flour
150 bushels of new white field-beans
2100 pounds of good hard soap
1900 pounds of good hard tallow candles
40 bushels of good clean dry fine salt
150 gallons of good cider vinegar.
The whole to be delivered from the 15th May,
1846, to the 15th June, 1846.

At Fort Leavenworth, Missouri river. 300 bushels of new white field beans
4600 pounds of good hard soap
3600 pounds of good hard slow candles
125 bushels of good clean dry fine salt
1000 gallons of good cider vinegar.
The whole to be delivered in all May, 1846.

At Fort Scott, on the Marmaton river, Missouri, seventy miles land transportation from Independence, on the Missouri river. from Independence, on the Missouri r.
150 bushels of new white field beans
1200 pounds of good hard soap
1950 pounds of good hard tallow candles
60 bushels of good clean dry fine salt
650 gallons of good cider vinegar.
The whole to be delivered in all May, 1846.

At Fort Winnebago, on the Fox river, at the portage of Fox and Wisconsin rivers. 40 barrels pork 125 barrels of fresh superfine flour

135 barrels of freen superine nour
36 bushels of new white field beans
600 pounds of good hard soap
650 pounds of good hard tallow candles
20 bushels of good clean dry fine salt
175 gallons of good cider vinegar.
The whole to be delivered by the 1st June, 1846. At Fort Brady, Sault Ste. Marie, Michigan.

56 barrels of pork 120 barrels of fresh superfine flour 30 bushels of new white field beans 800 pounds of good hard soap 600 pounds of good hard tallow candles 20 bushels of good clean dry fine salt

220 gallons of good cider vinegar. One-half on 1st June, 1846; remainder by the 15th At Fort Mackinac, Michigan.

112 barrels of pork 210 barrels of fresh superfine flour

100 bushels of new white field beans
1300 pounds of good hard soap
1300 pounds of good hard soap
1300 pounds of good hard tailow candles
40 bushels of good clean dry fine salt
300 gallons of good cider vinegar.
One-half on 1st June, 1846; remainder by the

All Fort Grattot, Michigan.
100 barrels of pork
240 barrels of fresh superfine flour
100 bushels of fresh superfine flour
1300 pounds good hard soap
1300 pounds of good hard tailow candles
35 bushels of good clean dry fine salt
420 gallons of good cider vinegar.
One-half on 1st June, 1846; remainder in all Ocoler, 1846.

ber, 1846.

130 barrels of pork.
260 barrels of fresh superfine flour
100 bushels of new white field beans
2000 pounds of good hard soap
1950 pounds of good hard tallow candles
40 bushels of good clean dry fine salt
600 gallons of good cider vinegar.
One-half on 1st June, 1846; remainder in all Cohen.
1846.

200 barrels of pork.
500 barrels of fresh superfine flour
200 bushels of fresh superfine flour
300 pounds of good hard soap
2200 pounds of good hard salow candles
50 bushels of good clean dry fine salt
850 gallons of good cider vinegar.
One-bulf on 1st June, 1846; remainder in

At Fort Niagara, New York.

50 barrels of pork
110 barrels of fresh superfine flour
40 bushels of new white field beans
850 pounds of good hard soap
650 pounds of good hard soap
650 pounds of good clean dry fine salt
190 gallons of good clean dry fine salt
190 gallons of good cider vinegar.
One-balf on 1st June, 1846; remainder in all

At Fort Ontario, Oswego, New York.

56 barrels of pork
100 barrels of fresh superfine flour
50 bushels of fresh superfine flour
50 pounds of good hard soap
650 pounds of good hard slow candles
14 bushels of good clean dry fine salt
200 gallons of good cider vinegar.
One-half on 1st June, 1846; remainder in

M Sackett's Harbor, New York.

168 barrels of pork
390 barrels of fresh superfine flour
150 bushels of new white field beans
3000 pounds of good hard soap
1900 pounds of good hard tallow candles
60 bushels of good clean dry fine salt
660 gallons of good cider vinegar.
One-half on 1st June, 1846; remainder in all
ober, 1846.

50 barrels of pork
130 barrels of fresh superfine flour
30 bushels of new white field beans
600 pounds of good hard soap
650 pounds of good hard salow candles
14 bushels of good clean dry fine salt
140 gallons of good cider vinegar. At Fort Preble, Portland, Maine

56 barrels of pork
129 barrels of fresh superfine four
15 bushels of new white field beans
650 pounds of good hard soap
650 pounds of good hard soap
650 pounds of good clean dry fine salt
200 gallons of good cider vinegar.

At Fort Sullivan, Eastport, Maine. 56 barrels of pork 120 barrels of fresh superfine flour 50 bushels of new white field beans

700 pounds of good hard soap 600 pounds of good hard tallow candles 20 bushels of good clean dry fine salt 200 gallons of good cider vinegar. At Fort Constitution, Portsmouth, New Hampshire.

Hampshire.
30 barrels of pork
100 barrels of fresh superfine flour
40 bushels of new white field beans
800 pounds of good hard soap
640 pounds of good hard tallow candles
16 bushels of good clean dry fine salt
200 gullens of good cider vinegar.

At Fort Adams, Newport, R. I

At Fort Adams, Newport, R. I 150 barrels of pirk 300 barrels of fresh superfine flour 130 bushels of new white field beans 1,500 pounds of good hard soap 2,900 pounds of good hard tallow candles 50 bushels of good clean dry fine salt 660 gallous of good cider vinegar. At Fort Trumbull, New London, Ct.

M Fort Trumbult, New London, Ct.
56 barrels of pork
125 barrels of fresh superfine flour
50 bushels of new white field beams
750 pounds of good hard soap
650 pounds of good hard tallow candles
20 bushels of good clean dry fine salt
220 gallons of good cider vinegar.
At Fort Columbus, Governor's Island, New
York harbor, New York.
200 barrels of pork

York harbor, New York.

200 barrels of pork
420 barrels of fresh superfine flour
175 bushels of new white field beans
4,000 pounds of good hard soap
2,000 pounds of good hard tallow candles
60 bushels of good clean dry fine salt
650 gallons of good cider vinegar.
At Fort Hamilton, Narrows, New York

harbor, New York.

140 barrels of pork
360 barrels of fresh superfine flour
110 bushels of new white field beans
3,000 pounds of good hard soap
1,900 pounds of good hard tallow cândles
60 bushels of good cleen dry fine sait
600 gallons of good cider vinegar.

At Fort Mifflin, Pennsylvania

At Fort Mifftin, Fennsylvania.

56 barrels of pork
130 barrels of fresh superfine flour
50 bushels of new white field beans
850 pounds of good hard soap
600 pounds of good hard tallow candles
20 bushels of good clean dry fine salt
220 gallons of good cider vinegar.

At Fort McHenry, near Baltimore, Maryland.

100 barrels of pork
260 barrels of fresh superfine flour
75 bushels of fresh superfine flour
1300 pounds of good hard soap
1200 pounds of good hard solow candles
40 bushels of good clean dry fine salt
200 gallons of good cider vinegar.
At Fort Monroe, Old Point Comfort, Va.
350 barels of pork

At Fort Monroe, Ota Four Comport, Va.
350 barrels of pork
780 barrels of fresh superfine flour
350 bashels of new white field beans
4000 pounds of good hard tallow candles
100 bushels of good clean dry fine salt
1200 gallons of good cider vinegar.
At Fort Johnston, Smithville, North Caro-

56 barrels of pork
100 barrels of fresh superfine flour
50 bushels of new white field beans
750 pounds of good hard soap
400 pounds of good hard sperm candles
20 bushels of good clean dry fine salt
200 gallons of good cider vinegar.
At Fort Moultrie, Charleston, South Car-

olina.

The state of the s

EXTENSION OF PATENTS.

PATENT OFFICE, June 21, 1845. THE undersigned, constituted by law a board to decide upon applications for the extension of patents, have adopted the following suggestions and rules, for the benefit of those persons who may hereafter apply for extensions.

The questions which arise on each application for an extension as

1. Is the invention novel?
2. Is it useful?
3. Is it useful?
4. Has the invention novel?
4. Has the inventor been adequately remunerated or his time and expense in originating and perfecting it?

ing it?

5 Has he used due diligence in introducing his

At Gosport, Va.

1.1320 \*\*

3.200 \*\*

3.200 \*\*

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3.200 \*\*

The two first questions will be determined upon the result of an examination in the Patent Office, as will also the third, to some extent.

To enable the board to come to a correct conclusion in regard to the third point of nquiry, the applicant should, if possible, procure the testimony of persons disinterested in the invention, which testimony should be taken under oath.

In regard to the fourth and fifth points of inquiry, in addition to his own oath showing his receipts and expenditures on account of the invention, by which it adult is to be ascertained, the applicant should show, by the testimony of disinterested witnesses on oath, that he has taken all reasonable measures to introduce his invention into general use, and that, without default or neglect on his part, he has failed to obtain from the use and sale of the invention a reasonable remuneration for the time, ingenuity, and expense bestowed on the same, and the introduction thereof into use.

The report of the examiner upon the novelty and expense bestowed on the same, and the introduction thereof into use.

The report of the examiner upon the novelty and expense bestowed on the same, and the introduction thereof into use.

The report of the examiner upon the novelty and cappense bestowed on the same, and the introduction thereof into use.

The report of the examiner upon the novelty and expense bestowed on the same, and the introduction thereof into use.

The report of the examiner upon the novelty and the proportion of the outlet of the invention, while he ready fifteen days before the day appointed for the hearing, which will be open for inspection of the usual libe open for inspection of the

All arguments submitted to the board must be in writing.

In conclusion, the undersigned would remark, generally, that a monopoly of his invention is secured by law to the inventor for the term of four-teen years. This is done with a view to compensate him for his time and expense in originating and perfecting it. At the end of the time for which his patent runs, his monopoly should cease, and the invention become public property, unless he can show good reasons to the contrary. The presumption is always against his application; and if he cannot show that his invention is novel, useful, valuable, and important to the public, and that, having made all reasonable effort to introduce it into general use, he has not been adequately remunerated for his time and expenses in discovering and perfecting it, the board cannot grant an extension.

JAMES BUCHANAN,

Secrelary of State.

The board cannot grant an extension.

JAMES BUCHANAN,
Secretary of State.
EDMUND BURKE,
Commissioner of Putents.
S. BARTON,
Solicitor of the Treasury.

The publishers of the following papers will please insert the above notice twice each week for two months, and send their bills to this office for payment, viz: Union, Constitution, and United States Journal, Washington; Republican and Argus, Baltimore; Keystone, Philadelphia; Union, Harrisburg; Morning News and Jeffersonian, New York; Herald and Gazette, Providence; Post, Boston; Advertiser, Lowell; N. H. Patriot, Concord; Statesman, Columbus, Ohio; Kentucky Democrat, Louisville; Courier, New Orleans.

June 23—2aw2m

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NAVY REEF. NAVY DEPARTMENT, Bureau of Provisions and Clothing, July 8, 1845.

PROPOSALS, sealed and endorsed "Proposal for pavy beef, under advertisement of July 8 ROPOSALS, seated and endorsed "Proposals for navy beef, under advertisement of July 8, 1845," will be received at this office until 3 o'clock p. m., on Friday, the 15th day of August next, for furnishing and delivering, on or before the first day of November next, at the following navy-yards, three thousand two hundred barrels of navy beef, viz. At Charlestown, Mass. At Brooklyn, N. Y. At Gosport, Va.

- 1,200 - 1,200 3,200

Ignatius W. Gardiner, rs. William Fletcher, Matilda Mudd, Mary A. Mudd, Harriet Mudd, and others.

da Mudd, Mary A. Mudd, Harriet Mudd, and others.

In Charles county court, sitting as a court of equity, June term, 1845.

THE object of the bill filed in this cause, is to obtain a decree appointing a trustee to make a deed to the complainant for the land mentioned in the bill of complaint. The bill states that Roswell Mudd, late of the State of Maryland, died seised and possessed of the following-named tracts, pieces, or parcels of the land situate, lying, and being in Charles county, State of Maryland, to wit: part of "Wright's Forest," "Mudd's Purchase," and part of "Poor Chance," containing two hundred and twenty-three acres, three roods, and eleven perches; that said Roswell had living, at his death, three daughters—Matilda Mudd, Mary Ann Mudd, and Harriet Mudd; and that said children, if living, reside in some one of the western States, in parts unknown to the complainant; that some time about the 28th of July, 1817, they made and executed a letter or power of attorney, authorizing Benedict Mudd, of Charles county, Maryland, to sell said land; and, in pursuance thereof, he made a contract of sale with William Fletcher, who now resides in Prince George's county, in the State aforesaid; and that said Fletcher paid said Mudd a large portion of the purchase-money.

The bill further states, that after said contract,

George's county, in the State aforesaid; and that said Fletcher paid said Mudd a large portion of the purchase-money.

The bill further states, that after said contract, one Isadore Gardiner, of the county and State last aforesaid, was empowered to close said contract; and that he united with said Benedict Mudd in a bond of conveyance, or. paper-writing, conditioned for the exceution of a good and sufficient deed to Fletcher, on payment of the whole of the purchase money; that some time afterwards, Fletcher, for valuable consideration, assigned said bond to one Francis Beaven, of the county and State aforesaid; and that Beaven paid to Nathaniel Mudd, administrator of Benedict Mudd, the balance due on said land; and then, for valuable consideration, assigned said bond to the complainant.

The bill further states, that the complainant is ready and anxious to pay up the balance to the proper representatives of Beaven, as soon as he can obtain a deed; but that he has been unable to find the power of attorney under which the land was sold.

The bill also states that Francis Beaven and his wife have since departed this life, leaving Rosetta Beaven intermarried with Henry Penn, and Henrietta intermarried with John F. Penn; and that Henrietta has since died, leaving one child, Noble L. Penn; that said Francis Beaven also left two sons—William W. Beaven, and Thomas N. Beaven that Thomas N. Beaven and Noble L. Penn are minors, under the age of twenty-one years, and prays subpenas to issue to said minors.

It is thereupon, this 16th day of June, 1845, adjudged and ordered that the complainant, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in a newspaper.

NUMBER 84

MRS. DAVID H. BURR'S

French and English seminary for Young Ladies, corner of E and 9th streets, Washington city.

THE location of this seminary is one of the most desirable in the city, on account of its healthy and airy position. The house is large and commodious, with ample grounds and other facilities for amusement and recreation. The principal, so well and favorably known in this city, and in New York, from her long experience in teaching, hopes to give entire satisfaction to all who may confide their daughters to her care. She is a native of France, and familiar with its language and literature, and conversant with the best and easiest modes of imparting to her pupils a perfect knowledge of that language, so that they can not only read and write, but speak it fluently. She has secured able asristants for various departments, so that all branches of an English as well as French education if will be thoroughly taught. Pupils who reside in write, but speak it fluently. She has secured able assistants for various departments, so that all branches of an English as well as French education will be thoroughly taught. Pupils who reside in the family have the peculiar advantages of hearing, and conversing at all times in the French language, and of perfecting themselves in the science of music, being under the surveillance of an experienced teacher. The course of instruction, besides the usual elementary branches, includes all the higher studies pursued in the most approved northern semimaries. The discipline is mild and affectionate, yet decided, and is maintained by appeals to the affections and conscience of the pupil; it is designed, by a proper development and cultivation of the better qualities of the heart, to bind more affectionately the pupil to her teacher, and by it to secure obedience. As sound physical, moral, and intellectual improvement and culture, are the great objects desired, it is the aim of the principal not so much to crowd the memory with words, as to draw forth and train the systematic and vigorous action, the observing, reflecting, and active powers of the mind. The charges to those who reside in the family are, for board and tuition in all the branches of French and English, \$200 per annum for a single pupil; but when two or more are entered at the same time, a liberal deduction will be made. The additional charges per quarter are for music, piano, and guitar, \$15; use of instrument, \$2 50; vocal music, \$5. To day scholars, the charges for tuition in the first department in French or English, are \$10; together, \$12; in the second class French or English, \$8; together, \$12; in the second class French or English, \$5; together \$8; Latin \$4, other languages, drawing, painting, and dancing; at professor's charges. Pupils can be entered at any time, and will be charged only from the date of their entrance. No deduction will be made to those who absent themselves after commencing a quarter, unlease prevented from attending by sicknes

WASHINGTON HIGH SCHOOL.

WASHINGTON HIGH SCHOOL.

THE third academic year of this institution will commence on the first Monday in September. In order, however, to obviate the difficulty and delay incident to the formation of new classes, and especially to the examination and proper disposition of new pupils, after the duties of the school have been formally resumed, parents are earnestly requested to send their sans as early as possible in the week preceding the first day of September. A daily autendance by the pupils during this week, of from two to three hours, will greatly facilitate future operations, and obviate much subsequent loss of time.

true operations, and obviate much subsequent loss of time.

The department of modern languages, lately vacated by the removal of Mr. Girault, has been intrusted to Professor Dovilliers, a graduate of the University of Paris, and a teacher of experience. This gentleman will also give instruction in drawing and painting. Specimens of his performance, and that of some of his late pupils in these desirable accomplishments, may be seen at the residence of the subscriber, corner of 18th and I streets.

Six young gentlemen can be received in the family of the principal, of which Professor Dovilliers will be a member, and in which, as far as practicable, the French language will be the medium of conversational intercourse.

Parents residing beyond the limits of the city, cither within the District or elsewhere, who may desire for their sons an opportunity of enjoying, in the prosecution of their studies, the simgular advantages peculiar to the metropolis for devoloping and stimulating the intellectual powers, as well as for acquiring varied useful information, may be made acquainted with the character of the High School by consulting any of the gendemen whose names are appended, and of whom all (except those marked with an asterisk) either now have, or have recently had, sons among its pupils.

The terms for boarders will be \$225 for the academic year, payable semi-annually, and always in fag, and tuition in all the branches taught in the school, except the Spanish, Italian, German, and the school course, for those who attend that schools, except the Spanish, Italian, German, and the school course, for those who attend that schools, except the Spanish, Italian, German, and Habrary languages.

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, ALEXANDRIA.

MRS. MARY L. ELIASON will open a boarding and day school, at her residence, on the corner of Prince and St. Asaph streets, on Monday, the 8th of September next, for the instruction of a limited number of young ladies in the several branches of a thorough English and French education.

branches of a thorough English and French education.

The English department will be conducted by a lady who was formerly a teacher in the Albany Female Academy, and has been for several years teaching in the family of Mrs. Eliason.

Great pains will be taken to teach well the principles of science, the application of which will require diligent study on the part of the pupil; and in order to accomplish fully this important object, teachers of the highest qualifications will be provided for each department. The French teacher will reside in the family, and the pupils will be taught to speak accurately, as well as to read and write the French language.

To those young ladies whose parents desire it, a course of instruction will be given in Latin, as the foundation of modern languages.

The government will be parental, and conducted on Christian principles. Alexandria is admirably doated for an institution of this kind, being retired and healthy, combining the advantages of town and country. Members of Congress who have daughters to educate, will find this institution convenient for that purpose, as ateamboats ply hourly between Alexandria and Washington city.

The scholastic year will be divided into two sessions, of twenty-two weeks each, commencing on the 8th of September, and the 8th of February.

the 8th of September, and the 8th of February.

TERMS.

For board and tuition in English and French, per seasion, payable in advance - \$125
Day scholars in English and Latin - 20
Day scholars in French - 12
Music and drawing at professors' charges, and no other extra charges will be made.

Each young lady must be provided with a silver cup and fork.

As the number of pupils is limited to thirty, it is requested that application for admission be made immediately, either by letter, or personally, to Mrs. Eliason, at her residence in Alexandria.

REFERENCES.

Eliason, at her residence in Alexandria.

REFERENCES.
Right Rev. William Meade, Millwood, Va.
Rev. Charles B. Dans, Alexandria, D. C.
Henry Daingerfield, esq., do.
Louis A. Cazenove, esq., do.
Hon. J. McLean, Judge of the Supreme Counited States, Cincinnati, Ohio.
Chas. M. Thruston, esq., Cumberland, Md.
Hon. Thomas H. Benton, St. Louis, Mo.
Thomas D. Mütter, M. D., Philadelphia, Pe
Hon. Edward Stanly, Washington, North Colina.

na.

Gen. Roger Jones, Washington, D. C.

Gen. A. Henderson, do.

Eustace Conway, esq., do.

Grafton Dulany, esq., Baltimore, Md.

Hughes Armistead, esq., Baltimore, Md.

July 28—3taw3m

Hughes Armistead, esq., Baltimore, Md.
July 28—3taw3m

CARPET HALL AND DEPOT, PHILADEL PHIA.
CARPETINGS, floor furniture, silk and carriage oil cloths, mattings, and window shades. House-keepers "attention!"
100 pieces Brussels and Wilton carpetings 500 do super three ply imperial and ingrain do 500 do ordina and fine ingrain do 500 do empt, cotton and rag carpets 500 do hemp, cotton and rag carpets 500 do Kankin, Canton and Spanish matting 100 do furniture oil cloths, 3-4 to 6-4 wide 2000 yards floor oil cloths, from 1 to 8 yards wide 500 do furniture oil cloths, from 1 to 8 yards wide 500 do manifla and jute mats 500 do manifla and jute mats 500 do manifla and jute mats 500 Wilton, Brussels and turked hearth rugs 5 cases embroidered Parisian muslin curtains 2 do worsted carpet binding 500 dozen braps stair-rods 5 cases embroidered cloth and worsted piano, and table covers

This mammoth stock, laid in for cash, comprising every variety of pattern, will be sold whotasle and retail, at the warehouses, 18 and 20 north Second street, up stairs, at five per cent. advance for cash or city acceptances, with interest added.

Jan. 28—1y

The terms of the general course are twenty deliars for the whole course, for those who attend that course only, payable in advance; and five dollars a month for any less time. The professional students will have the privilege of attending the general course, and also any additional course, at pleasure, course, and also any additional course, at pleasure, without extra charge.

The professional course commences on the first day of October, and the classes for the general course form on the third Monday of October, annually. Students are advised to join at those times, if convenient; but they are permitted to join at any other times.

For further information, reference can be had to the catalogue of Yale college, or the circular of this department. A copy of the circular will be forwarded to any person who may request it by letter, postage paid, addressed to either of the instructors.

New Haven, August 1st, 1845.

Aug 4—2aw2m

Theophilin Fiek, esq.

Go. J. L. Edwards
Gen. Walter Jones
A. C. Dayton, esq. 4th Aud.
Hittip R. Fesalalt. esq.
George W. Davis, esq.
P. S. Copies of the prospectus, containing a full exposition of the course of instruction and system of discipline, with numerous testimonials, may be obtained on application, by letter or otherwise, to the subscriber.

EDWIN ARNOLD, A. M., D. C. L., Aug. 2—w6t

A. GENCY FOR CLAIMS AT WASHINGA. TON, D. C.—CHARLES DE SELDING, General Agent, No. 11, Todd's buildings, Pennsylvania avenue, Washington, D. C., offers his services to those who may have claims on either of the exceutive departments, or Congress, or private claims on individuals.

Particular attention paid to the settlement of accounts of disbursing officers who may find it inconvenient to attend personally, especially those of the navy.

Also attends as agent for non-resident property holders, collecting rents, procuring pensions, &c.

Charges will be moderate, and regulated by the amount claimed, and the extent of services required. Communications (post paid) will receive immediate attention.

He here the proposed many find it inconvenients of the proposed many find it inconvenients of the proposed many find it inconvenients of the proposed many find it inconvenient to attend personally, especially those of the navy.

Also attends as agent for non-resident property holders, collecting rents, procuring pensions, &c.

Charges will be moderate, and regulated by the amount claimed, and the extent of services required.

Communications (post paid) will receive immediate attention.

He here the proposed many find it inconvenients to a trend personally, especially the proposed at Philadelphia—shall have a place in the proposed at Philadelphia—aball have a place in the proposed many find it inconvenients to a trend personal property in the particular property in the proposed property in the standard British law books as fast as they emanate from the London market. Should new editions of the works of such trends at Philadelphia

new valuable English treatise on Chance, mon law.

This work will be issued monthly, in numbers of 160 pages, printed on fine white paper, and good new long primer type, at seven dollars per annum, payable half yearly.

ISAAC G. M'KINLEY,
J. M. G. LESCURE.

Harrisburg, Pa., July 1, 1845—July 14—47

2,500 CARDS PERRY'S PENS.—W.

Staple stationery, has just received, via New York, per ship Victoria, direct from those inimitable manufacturers, James Perry & Co., 2,500 cards of their best metallic pens, consisting of the following kinds, which will be sold at reduced prices, wholesale and retail, at Stationer's Hall, 3d door east of 12th street, Penry's three-nainted

And on hand all other kinds manufactured by the above makers, which will be sold at New York prices.

July 8

Perry's three-pointed pens.
Do. side-spring do.
Do. under-spring do.
Do. leaste fountain do.
Do. regulating spring do.
Do. large-barrel do.
Do. small-barrel do.
Do. mapping do.
Do. lithographic do.